

This table lists the types of countable and non-countable income used to determine eligibility for Modified Adjusted Gross Income Medicaid. The income of dependents should only be counted if the dependent is required to file taxes¹.

Countable Income	Non-Countable Income
 Wages, salaries, tips, bonuses, awards Income derived from gifts/inheritances Interest income (taxable and non-taxable) Farm income Ordinary dividends Business income Capital gains IRA distributions Pensions and annuities Unemployment compensation Social Security benefits (taxable and non-taxable) Railroad retirement Gambling winnings Jury duty payments Foreign earned income Rental income Lump sum income (Retro Social Security/Railroad Retirement) Royalties State agency payments received for child care Waiver payments issued to individual care providers received for a non-household member (related or unrelated) Oil leases/mineral rights Partnerships/S-Corporations Any remaining portion of a lump sum payment awarded for wrongful death, personal injury, damages, or loss of property not excluded for tax purposes4,5 Trust income (as reported on 1040, line 17) Other income included on 1040, line 21 Federal Work Study income 	 SSI benefits Alimony for divorces and separations finalized on or after January 1, 2019 Social security benefits of dependents TANF (KTAP) benefits Veteran's disability benefits Veteran's pension benefits Veteran's education benefits Military and Clergy allowances permitted by IRS Employer reimbursement for mileage, meals, etc. Earned income tax credits Worker's compensation Employer contributions to certain pretax benefits funded by an employee's elective salary reduction, such as amounts for a flexible spending account or contributions to a retirement account Fringe benefits provided on a pretax basis by an employer Child support received Foster care and adoption assistance payments Education scholarships, awards, fellowship grants Loans Wages of minors Gifts and inheritances Waiver payments issued to individual care providers received for a household member (related or unrelated) Black lung benefits Cash rebates from a dealer or manufacturer Refugee cash assistance Native American benefits and payments Income from a sponsor for a sponsored immigrant Any portion of a lump sum payment that is awarded for wrongful death, personal injury, damages, or loss of property4
¹ For children, RSDI is only excluded if the child is living with their parents. If the child is living with grandparent,	

For children, RSDI is only excluded if the child is living with their parents. If the child is living with grandparent, aunt, etc and non-tax filing rules apply then RSDI is countable for children

² Count if dependent has a tax filing requirement, there are some exceptions for Medicaid

³Count any taxable portion used for room and board

⁴ Lump sum payments may include countable and non-countable income

⁵For Medicaid, this income is counted only in the month it is received